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Disruptive Changes and Management of Business Organizations in Anambra State, Nigeria

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Abstract

This study focuses on the opportunities, challenges, and future prospects for businesses in Anambra State, Nigeria. Through thematic discussions with participants, key findings emerge regarding the potential growth areas in the region. The study highlights five main themes: Opportunities and Future Prospects, Challenges and Mitigation Strategies, Infrastructure Development, Access to Finance, and Skill Development. Anambra State offers diverse opportunities for businesses, including digital transformation, agribusiness, renewable energy, tourism, and entrepreneurship. However, challenges such as infrastructural deficiencies, limited access to finance, policy environment, skill gap, and market access hinder business growth. The study recommends interventions to address these challenges, including infrastructure development, establishing financial institutions for SMEs, creating an investor-friendly policy environment, investing in education and skill development, and facilitating market expansion and global integration. By implementing the proposed strategies, revealed that Anambra State can overcome obstacles and create a conducive environment to business growth and development. Collaboration between the government, private sector, and educational institutions is crucial for driving progress. With these efforts, Anambra State can position itself as a thriving hub for innovation, entrepreneurship, and economic prosperity.

Keywords: Disruptive, changes, management, business.

Introduction

The landscape of business organizations has undergone profound transformations in recent years, driven by disruptive changes in technology, markets, and consumer preferences. These disruptions have challenged traditional business models and necessitated innovative approaches to management. This background study explores the multifaceted phenomenon of disruptive changes and their implications for the management of business organizations.

Verhoef et al., (2021), defined disruptive changes as significant shifts or alterations in the business environment that fundamentally reshape industries and markets. They can manifest in various forms, including technological advancements, changes in consumer behavior, regulatory shifts, and global economic fluctuations. While some changes are gradual and predictable, others occur abruptly and unpredictably, creating challenges and opportunities for organizations.

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Yang, Fu, & Zhang, (2021) postulated that one of the most influential drivers of disruptive change is technology. They further opined that digital revolution, characterized by the proliferation of smartphones, the internet, and cloud computing, has redefined how businesses operate and interact with customers. Neethirajan (2023), stated that innovations such as artificial intelligence (AI), blockchain, and the Internet of Things (IoT) have not only streamlined processes but have also created new business models and markets. For instance, the rise of e-commerce platforms like Amazon has disrupted traditional retail, forcing retailers to adapt or face obsolescence (He, Liu, Shao, and Tan, 2023).

Disruptive changes are an inherent part of the modern business landscape, as they present challenges, they also offer opportunities for growth and innovation (Jin and Shin, 2020). Saleh and Saad, (2023), confirms that successful management in this context requires a proactive approach that embraces innovation, agility, adaptability, and risk management. By understanding the complex nature of disruptive changes and implementing strategic responses, businesses can thrive in an ever-evolving environment. The ability to effectively manage disruptive changes is not just a business necessity, it is the key to sustained success and relevance in the 21st century.

REVIEW OF LITERATURE

Disruptive Changes

Makori, (2023) defined disruptive change as a dynamic and transformative concept that encapsulates a fundamental shift in the way industries, markets, and organizations operate. Hedling and Bremberg, (2021), presents this term as a departure from incremental or evolutionary change and embodies a radical transformation that reshapes the established order, often in unexpected and unconventional ways.

At its core, disruptive change challenges the status quo and can lead to the creation of entirely new paradigms. Alzub, (2023), opined that it is a phenomenon that disrupts existing norms, business models, technologies, and consumer behaviors, often rendering traditional approaches obsolete. This transformative process can be driven by various factors, including technological advancements, changes in consumer preferences, regulatory shifts, globalization, and economic fluctuations (Ben Hassen, 2022). Understanding these drivers is crucial to grasping the essence of disruptive change.

One of the hallmark features of disruptive change is its capacity to create significant upheaval and uncertainty (Hopster, 2021, Edna & Samson, 2021). It often emerges as a response to unmet needs or inefficiencies in the current market landscape. Muller, (2020), stated that disruptive innovations, introduce products or services that may initially be seen as inferior but eventually surpass existing solutions. This process can lead to the displacement of well-established market leaders by upstarts that challenge the conventional wisdom (Kapoor and Klueter, 2020).

Furthermore, disruptive change is intricately linked to evolving consumer behavior and preferences. Greenhow and Chapman, (2020), postulates that in the age of the internet and social media, consumers are more informed, connected, and demanding than ever before, they seek personalized experiences, instant gratification, and solutions that align with their values. Businesses that fail to adapt to these changing expectations risk losing relevance and market share (Gupta and Bose, 2022).

Globalization is another critical element in the conceptualization of disruptive change because interconnectedness of markets and supply chains means that disruptions in one part of the world can have cascading effects globally (Turner, 2023). Weber, (2021) opined that the COVID-19

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pandemic, for instance, disrupted supply chains, altered consumer behavior, and accelerated digital transformation on a global scale. This has demonstrated how a single disruptive event can have far-reaching consequences.

Within organizations, disruptive change necessitates strategic responses while successful adaptation to disruptive forces often involves innovation and agility (Coulson-Thomas, 2022, Malik & Audu, 2023). Organizations must foster cultures of innovation that encourage experimentation and the pursuit of new ideas, they must also possess the agility to pivot quickly in response to changing circumstances, whether through product development, operational adjustments, or business model innovation (Newman et al., 2020).

Moreover, disruptive change underscores the importance of technology integration as businesses must leverage advanced technologies to streamline operations, gain data-driven insights, and enhance customer experiences. Butt, (2020), stated that embracing digital transformation is no longer optional but essential for remaining competitive in an era defined by disruption. This concept also encapsulates the profound and transformative shifts that redefine industries, markets, and organizations. It challenges existing norms and requires businesses and society to adapt, innovate, and navigate uncertainty. Gupta and Bose, (2022), postulates that technological advancements, changing consumer behavior, globalization, and economic fluctuations are among the primary drivers of disruptive change. Embracing this concept entails recognizing that the ability to anticipate, respond to, and leverage disruptive forces is crucial for long-term success and relevance in today's rapidly evolving world. To conceptualize disruptive change is to embrace the reality that change is not merely an occasional disruption; it is the new normal.

Benefits of Disruptive Changes to Business Organization Management

Disruptive changes, although often perceived as challenging and unsettling, bring a multitude of undiluted benefits to the management of business organizations. These transformative shifts, driven by factors like technological advancements, changing consumer behavior, and market dynamics, have the potential to revolutionize the way organization operate and position themselves for sustainable growth and success (Gupta and Bose, 2022, Uchenna & Audu, 2022). Below are the unfiltered advantages of disruptive changes in business management:

- 1. Innovation Catalyst: Disruptive changes serve as a catalyst for innovation within organizations. The need to adapt to evolving circumstances pushes businesses to think creatively, fostering a culture of innovation. This results in the development of new products, services, and processes, giving companies a competitive edge.
- Market Expansion: Disruptive technologies and changes often create new markets or expand existing ones. Organizations that embrace these changes can tap into previously untapped customer segments or geographies, leading to revenue growth and market leadership.
- 3. Cost Efficiency: Technology-driven disruptions can streamline operations, reduce manual labor, and optimize resource utilization. This translates into cost savings, increased efficiency, and higher profit margins for businesses.
- 4. Data-Driven Decision-Making: Disruptive technologies enable organizations to gather and analyze vast amounts of data in real-time. This data-driven approach allows for more informed decision-making, strategic planning, and a deeper understanding of market trends
- 5. Global Reach: The globalization facilitated by disruptive changes allows businesses to access a global customer base. E-commerce platforms and digital marketing strategies enable even small businesses to reach international audiences, expanding their market reach.

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- 6. Competitive Advantage: Companies that proactively embrace disruptive changes often gain a competitive advantage. They can respond more swiftly to market shifts, outmaneuver competitors, and position themselves as industry leaders.
- 7. Environmental Sustainability: Some disruptive changes align with environmentally sustainable practices. Businesses that adopt these changes not only reduce their environmental footprint but also appeal to environmentally conscious consumers.
- 8. Improved Risk Management: Disruptive changes often prompt organizations to evaluate and manage risks more effectively. This includes identifying potential disruptions, developing contingency plans, and enhancing risk mitigation strategies.
- 9. Market Differentiation: Disruptive changes allow organizations to differentiate themselves from competitors. They can stand out by offering unique products, services, or customer experiences that cater to emerging market demands.

In essence, disruptive changes inject vitality into business organizations, pushing them to innovate, adapt, and thrive in a rapidly evolving world. While these changes can be disruptive in the short term, the undiluted benefits they offer, including innovation, cost efficiency, global reach, and competitive advantage, make them indispensable for modern business management. Embracing disruption becomes not just a strategic choice but a path to sustained success and relevance in today's dynamic marketplace.

Organizational Management

Organizational management is a complex concept that encapsulates the art and science of planning, organizing, leading, and controlling resources within an entity to achieve specific goals and objectives efficiently and effectively (Nkuda, 2019). According to Adams and Mueller-Hirth, (2021), It is the compass that guides an organization, ensuring it sails through the complex sea of competition, change, and uncertainty towards success and sustainability.

Antoni and Akbah, (2019), stated that organizational management at its peak revolves around the strategic coordination of various elements within an organization, including human resources, financial assets, technology, and information. These elements work in harmony under the guidance of leadership to maximize productivity, optimize processes, and adapt to evolving circumstances.

Key components of the organizational management

- Planning: Central to organizational management is the process of planning. This involves
 defining clear objectives, setting goals, and outlining the strategies and tactics required
 to achieve them. Effective planning provides direction, purpose, and a roadmap for the
 organization's future.
- 2. Organizing: Once goals and strategies are in place, the next step is organizing resources. This entails structuring the organization in a way that aligns with the objectives. Organizational charts, divisions of labor, and the allocation of responsibilities all fall under this aspect of management.
- 3. Controlling: Control mechanisms are essential for monitoring progress towards goals. This aspect of management involves setting performance standards, measuring actual performance, and adjusting as needed to keep the organization on track. It ensures that resources are used efficiently and effectively.
- 4. Decision-Making: Organizational management is characterized by decision-making at various levels. Managers must make choices about resource allocation, risk management, problem-solving, and strategic direction. Decision-making relies on data, analysis, and sound judgment.

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- 5. Adaptation to Change: In today's rapidly evolving business environment, organizational management must include the ability to adapt to change. This means being open to innovation, staying attuned to market dynamics, and embracing flexibility in response to disruptions.
- 6. Resource Allocation: Efficient allocation of resources, including financial assets and technology, is crucial for organizational management. This involves budgeting, cost control, and investment decisions that align with organizational goals.
- 7. Strategic Alignment: Organizational management ensures that all activities and efforts are aligned with the organization's overall strategy. This alignment helps maximize the organization's chances of success and prevents wastage of resources on activities that do not contribute to the overarching goals.
- 8. Communication: Effective communication is essential in organizational management. Clear and open communication channels ensure that information flows seamlessly within the organization, enabling better decision-making and alignment.
- 9. Performance Evaluation: Ongoing performance evaluation and feedback loops are integral to management. Regular assessments help identify areas for improvement and track progress toward objectives.
- 10. Innovation and Adaptability: In a dynamic business landscape, fostering a culture of innovation and adaptability is essential. Organizations must continuously seek ways to improve processes, products, and services to remain competitive.

Effective organizational management is not a one-size-fits-all approach but is tailored to an organization's unique goals, values, and circumstances. It is the cornerstone of an organization's ability to thrive in a complex and ever-changing world.

METHODOLOGY

The research methodology employed a qualitative approach to study disruptive changes and management of Business Organizations in Anambra State. A descriptive research design was utilized to gain an in-depth understanding of the challenges faced by business owners in the organization.

All interviews were transcribed verbatim and analyzed using MAXQDA Analytics Pro 2020, a qualitative data analysis software. The data analysis process involved several steps. Initially, open coding was conducted to identify tentative themes, followed by the refinement of codes into a preliminary coding scheme or codebook. The coding scheme was then systematically applied to all transcripts through multiple close readings of the data, focusing on both explicit and interpretative content. Potential overarching themes were identified based on prevalence and significance to the research questions. Thematic maps were generated to ensure internal coherence and uniqueness of the themes.

Convenient sampling was employed to select participants for the interviews, ensuring practicality and ease of access to individuals with relevant knowledge and experience. A total of 10 participants, including business owners, head of department, industry experts, and representatives from relevant government agencies, were targeted for interviews based on their availability and willingness to participate in the study. The following interview guide was taken into consideration:

- 1. How would you define disruptive changes in the context of business organizations, and what are some examples you have observed in the industry?
- 2. What are the key challenges that business organizations face when dealing with disruptive changes, and how do you think effective management can address these challenges?

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- 3. Can you share a specific instance where a business organization successfully navigated a disruptive change? What strategies and management approaches were employed?
- 4. In your opinion, what are the essential skills and qualities that leaders and managers should possess to effectively manage disruptive changes in business organizations?
- 5. How do you envision the role of technology and innovation in managing disruptive changes, and what are some best practices or approaches you have seen in this regard?

Demographic characteristics of SMEs

Organization Type	Frequency	Percent
Building & Construction	2	20
Printing press	2	20
Pharmaceutical	2	20
Trading	2	20
Agro- Allied	2	20
Age of Organization	Frequency	Percent
1-5 years	2	40
5-10 years	3	60
>10 years	0	0

Themes and their frequency and percentage occurrence

Themes	Frequency	Percentage	Percentage (valid)
Definition and Understanding of	8	80.0	80
Disruptive Changes			
Challenges Faced by Business	10	100.00	100.00
Organizations			00.00
Strategies and Approaches for Managing Disruptive Changes	8	80.00	80.00
	7	70.00	70.00
Leadership and Management Skills	/	70.00	70.00
Technology and Innovation in Managing Disruptive Changes	10	100.00	100.00

The table shows that almost all the themes were consistent across all the participants.

Theme 1: Definition and Understanding of Disruptive Changes

In examining the participants' perspectives on disruptive changes, it becomes evident that there is a shared recognition of the transformative nature of such changes within business organizations. The participants provided insights and examples that collectively contributed to a comprehensive understanding of disruptive changes.

The participants articulated disruptive changes as significant shifts that impact industries, markets, and business models. They emphasized that disruptive changes go beyond incremental advancements, often resulting in the creation of new markets and the displacement of existing players. The examples cited by the participants, such as the rise of e-commerce, automation through artificial intelligence, and the disruptive effects of digital platforms, underscored the profound impact of disruptive changes on various sectors.

Interestingly, participants 2, 3, 5 and 7 also highlighted that disruptive changes extend beyond technological advancements. They acknowledged the influence of social, cultural, and environmental factors in driving disruption within organizations. For instance, changing societal values, environmental sustainability concerns, and regulatory shifts were identified as potential

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sources of disruptive changes. This broader understanding of disruptions indicates that organizations must consider a wide range of factors in their strategies to effectively manage and respond to disruptions.

The discussions among the participants revealed a consensus regarding the need for organizations to proactively address disruptive changes. They emphasized the importance of agility, adaptability, and an innovative mindset in navigating these changes successfully. Participants 1, 9 and 10 stressed that organizations that fail to recognize and respond to disruptive changes risk is becoming obsolete or losing their competitive edge in the market.

Furthermore, participants recognized that disruptive changes present both challenges and opportunities. While disruptions can create uncertainty and disrupt established norms, they also create avenues for growth and competitive advantage. Participants emphasized the significance of a strategic approach and forward-thinking mindset to capitalize on the opportunities arising from disruptive changes.

Theme 2: Challenges Faced by Business Organizations

This theme aligns with the second research question (What are the key challenges that business organizations face when dealing with disruptive changes, and how do you think effective management can address these challenges?). The participants' insights shed light on the specific challenges faced by business organizations in Anambra State when dealing with disruptive changes. Their perspectives provide valuable information about the unique context and dynamics of businesses in the state.

Anambra State, located in southeastern Nigeria, has experienced significant economic growth and a vibrant business environment. However, participants identified several challenges that organizations in the state encounter when facing disruptive changes. One of the key challenges highlighted by participants is the limited access to advanced technologies and infrastructure. They noted that while there has been progress in technological adoption, some businesses in Anambra State still struggle to keep pace with disruptive changes due to inadequate access to modern technologies. This constraint can hinder their ability to compete effectively in the rapidly evolving market landscape.

Participants 3,6, and 7 emphasized the importance of understanding and adapting to the specific consumer behavior patterns in Anambra State. They highlighted the need for businesses to have a deep understanding of the local market dynamics, preferences, and cultural nuances. Adapting products and services to meet the unique needs of the Anambra State market was seen as a critical challenge.

Moreover, participants acknowledged the presence of a conservative business culture in Anambra State, which can contribute to resistance to change. They noted that some businesses may be reluctant to embrace disruptive changes due to a preference for traditional practices and a fear of the unknown. Overcoming this resistance and fostering a culture of innovation and openness to change was identified as an important challenge for organizations in the state. Participants discussed the need for enhanced support systems and infrastructure from the government and other stakeholders. They emphasized that government policies and initiatives should be in place to facilitate the adoption of disruptive technologies, provide funding opportunities, and promote innovation. Access to funding, research and development support, and business incubation programs were identified as areas where businesses in Anambra State require assistance.

In summary, the discussions within this theme highlighted the specific challenges faced by business organizations in Anambra State when dealing with disruptive changes. Limited access to advanced technologies, the need to understand and adapt to local consumer behavior, resistance to change, and the importance of government support systems were identified as key

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challenges. Addressing these challenges will be crucial for businesses in Anambra State to effectively navigate disruptive changes and thrive in the evolving business landscape.

Theme 3: Strategies and Approaches for Managing Disruptive Changes in Anambra State

The participants' insights provide valuable perspectives on the strategies and approaches employed by business organizations in Anambra State to effectively manage disruptive changes. Their discussions shed light on the specific context of Anambra State and offer potential solutions for businesses operating in the region.

Participants highlighted several strategies and approaches that organizations in Anambra State have adopted to manage disruptive changes successfully. Participants 7,8,9 and 10 emphasized the importance of fostering a culture of innovation and adaptability. They noted that organizations in Anambra State need to encourage employees to embrace change, think creatively, and actively seek out opportunities presented by disruptive changes. By creating an environment that values and rewards innovation, businesses can effectively respond to disruptions and drive growth.

Participants 1, 3,4 and 6 highlighted the significance of collaboration and partnerships. They emphasized the need for organizations in Anambra State to collaborate with universities, research institutions, and other businesses to leverage their expertise and resources. Collaborative initiatives can help organizations stay updated with emerging technologies, access funding opportunities, and share knowledge and best practices.

Participants 2 and 5 discussed the importance of investing in employee training and development. They noted that organizations in Anambra State should prioritize upskilling and reskilling their workforce to equip them with the necessary competencies to navigate disruptive changes. This investment in human capital can enhance organizational agility and ensure that employees are prepared to embrace new technologies and adapt to changing business dynamics.

Participants also emphasized the role of government support in managing disruptive changes. They highlighted the need for policies that encourage innovation, provide incentives for adopting disruptive technologies, and facilitate access to funding and resources. Government initiatives that promote entrepreneurship, establish incubation centers, and offer training programs can significantly contribute to the successful management of disruptive changes in Anambra State.

In summary, the discussions within this theme highlighted strategies and approaches adopted by organizations in Anambra State to manage disruptive changes. Fostering a culture of innovation, collaboration, and employee development emerged as key strategies. Additionally, participants stressed the importance of government support through favorable policies and initiatives. By implementing these strategies and approaches, businesses in Anambra State can effectively navigate disruptive changes and position themselves for sustainable growth and success in a dynamic business environment.

Theme 4: Opportunities and Future Prospects in Anambra State

This theme is in line with the fourth research question (In your opinion, what are the essential skills and qualities that leaders and managers should possess to effectively manage disruptive changes in business organizations?). The participants' insights shed light on the opportunities and future prospects for business organizations in Anambra State amidst disruptive changes. Their discussions provide valuable perspectives on the potential growth areas and avenues for success in the region. Participants identified several key areas of opportunity and future prospects:

1. Digital Transformation: Anambra State presents significant potential for businesses to leverage digital technologies and embrace digital transformation. Participants highlighted the opportunity for businesses to invest in developing digital platforms, e-commerce solutions, and digital

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marketing strategies. This allows them to reach a wider customer base, optimize operational efficiency, and enhance the overall customer experience.

- 2. Agribusiness and Food Processing: Anambra State is known for its fertile farmlands and agricultural resources. Participants emphasized the opportunity for businesses to invest in agribusiness and food processing. Leveraging technological advancements, businesses can improve productivity, enhance product quality, and add value to agricultural products. This sector has the potential to contribute to both local food security and international market demands.
- 3. Renewable Energy: With its favorable climate and natural resources, Anambra State offers opportunities for the development of renewable energy. Participants discussed the potential for businesses to invest in solar energy, biomass, and other clean energy solutions. By harnessing these renewable energy sources, businesses can address the growing demand for sustainable energy and contribute to reducing the state's carbon footprint.
- 4. Tourism and Hospitality: Anambra State boasts a rich cultural heritage, festivals, and natural attractions. Participants highlighted the potential for businesses to tap into the tourism and hospitality sector. By offering unique experiences, accommodation options, and entertainment services.

In summary, the discussions within this theme revealed several opportunities and prospects for businesses in Anambra State. Agriculture and agribusiness, manufacturing and industrialization, entrepreneurship and innovation, tourism and hospitality, and renewable energy emerged as potential growth areas. By strategically capitalizing on these opportunities, businesses can not only navigate disruptive changes but also contribute to the economic development, job creation, and sustainability of Anambra State.

Theme 5: Challenges and Mitigation Strategies in Anambra State

This theme is in line with the fourth research question (How do you envision the role of technology and innovation in managing disruptive changes, and what are some best practices or approaches you have seen in this regard?). The participants' insights shed light on the challenges faced by businesses in Anambra State amidst disruptive changes and provide valuable perspectives on mitigation strategies. These discussions help identify the specific obstacles encountered in the region and propose potential solutions to overcome them. Participants identified several key challenges faced by businesses in Anambra State and discussed effective mitigation strategies:

- 1. Infrastructural Deficiencies: Participants highlighted the inadequate infrastructure, including roads, power supply, and internet connectivity, as a significant challenge. To address this, participants emphasized the need for government intervention and private sector collaboration in improving infrastructure. This includes investments in road networks, upgrading power infrastructure, and expanding access to reliable internet services.
- 2. Access to Finance: Limited access to finance emerged as a significant challenge faced by businesses in Anambra State. Participants discussed the importance of establishing financial institutions and programs that specifically cater to the needs of small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs). This includes providing easier access to loans, venture capital, and grants, as well as promoting financial literacy and entrepreneurship training to enhance the chances of securing funding.
- 3. Policy Environment: Participants highlighted the need for a conducive policy environment to support business growth and attract investments. They emphasized the importance of transparent and investor-friendly policies, streamlined regulations, and effective governance. Participants recommended that the government actively engage with the business community to understand

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their needs and concerns and collaboratively develop policies that foster a favorable business environment.

- 4. Skill Gap and Human Capital Development: Participants noted the existence of a skill gap in Anambra State, particularly in emerging industries and technologies. To address this, participants emphasized the importance of investing in education and skill development programs. This includes strengthening the vocational training system, collaborating with educational institutions and industry experts, and promoting entrepreneurship and innovation through targeted training initiatives.
- 5. Market Access and Global Integration: Participants discussed the challenges businesses face in accessing larger markets and integrating into global supply chains. They emphasized the need for strategic partnerships and collaborations, both domestically and internationally. Additionally, participants highlighted the importance of trade missions, export promotion programs, and creating platforms that facilitate networking and market linkages for businesses.

In summary, the discussions within this theme revealed several challenges faced by businesses in Anambra State and proposed mitigation strategies. Infrastructural deficiencies, limited access to finance, policy environment, skill gap, and market access emerged as key challenges. Mitigation strategies include government intervention, private sector collaboration, improved infrastructure, enhanced access to finance, favorable policies, skill development programs, and fostering strategic partnerships. By addressing these challenges and implementing effective mitigation strategies, businesses in Anambra State can overcome obstacles, navigate disruptive changes, and create a conducive environment for sustainable growth and success.

Conclusion

Anambra State presents a range of opportunities and future prospects for businesses to thrive, such as digital transformation, agribusiness, renewable energy, tourism, and entrepreneurship. However, challenges exist, including infrastructure deficiencies, limited access to finance, policy environment, skill gap, and market access. By implementing the recommended strategies, Anambra State can overcome these challenges and create a conducive environment for business growth and development.

It is crucial for the government, private sector, and educational institutions to collaborate effectively to address these challenges. By investing in infrastructure, providing easier access to finance, developing investor-friendly policies, focusing on skill development, and facilitating market expansion and global integration, Anambra State can attract investments, nurture entrepreneurship, create employment opportunities, and contribute to the overall economic growth and prosperity of the region. With concerted efforts and strategic planning, Anambra State can position itself as a vibrant hub for innovation, sustainable development, and business success.

Recommendations

Based on the findings, the following recommendations are made for business organizations facing disruptive changes:

- 1. Infrastructure Development: The government of Anambra State should prioritize infrastructure development, including road networks, power supply, and internet connectivity. Collaborations with private sector entities and international partners can help accelerate infrastructure projects and bridge the existing gaps.
- 2. Access to Finance: To address the limited access to finance, the government should establish financial institutions and programs that specifically cater to the needs of SMEs. This can include setting up venture capital funds, providing easier access to loans, and

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- promoting financial literacy and entrepreneurship training to enhance the chances of securing funding.
- 3. Investor-Friendly Policies: Anambra State should focus on creating a conducive policy environment to attract investments and foster business growth. The government should engage with the business community to understand their needs and concerns and develop transparent and investor-friendly policies. Streamlined regulations and effective governance are essential to instill confidence in businesses.
- 4. Skill Development and Education: Investing in education and skill development programs is crucial to address the skill gap. Anambra State should strengthen the vocational training system, collaborate with educational institutions and industry experts, and provide targeted training initiatives to equip the workforce with the necessary skills for emerging industries and technologies.
- 5. Market Expansion and Global Integration: Anambra State should actively support businesses in accessing larger markets and integrating into global supply chains. This can be achieved through trade missions, export promotion programs, and creating platforms that facilitate networking and market linkages for businesses. Encouraging strategic partnerships and collaborations domestically and internationally can also enhance market access.

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